

522.9 Discipline

Disciplinary action against employees may be taken for violations of standards of conduct, violations of policies and procedures, or for unsatisfactory work performance. Disciplinary action will typically be taken after an investigation and after giving the employee an opportunity to respond to any and all allegations unless flagrant violation of policy or felonious activity.

Level of Discipline:

The level of discipline imposed will take into consideration the seriousness of the infraction as well as the employee's performance record. When appropriate, discipline should be corrective in nature. At the employer's sole discretion, various types of employee discipline or corrective action may be imposed which include, but are not limited to, the following: verbal warning, written warning, suspension or termination. Employee discipline, for purposes of access to the grievance procedure, is defined to include only termination, disciplinary suspensions and disciplinary demotions. None of these disciplinary measures are required to be used before termination from employment occurs nor are the listed disciplinary actions required to be used in any specific order. The Employer may repeat disciplinary action.

Employees are expected to work in a competent and conscientious manner which reflects favorably upon the employee and the District. The following is a list of examples of behavior which would normally justify disciplinary action:

- Fraud in securing employment will result in termination
- Incompetency
- Inefficiency
- Unauthorized absences
- Repeated absence or tardiness or improper use of leave
- Neglect of duty
- Insubordination or willful misconduct
- Dishonesty
- Assuming duties while under the influence or controlled substances or intoxicants; or possession of use of intoxicants or controlled substances during working hours
- Conviction of a felony or misdemeanor, the circumstances of which are substantially related to the duties performed
- Negligence or willful damage to property
- Discourteous treatment of the public or fellow employees
- Failure to obtain and maintain a current license or certification as required by law or employer
- Failure to maintain effective working relationships with other employees or the public

- Sexual or other unlawful harassment
- Workplace violence
- Violation of any lawful order, directive, policy, or work rule

The offenses listed above are not intended to be all-inclusive, and discipline, including termination, may occur for any other reason depending upon the seriousness of the offense, the particular facts and circumstances surrounding the incident(s), and the employee's record of prior disciplinary actions.

Documentation:

All discipline shall be documented with a copy provided to the employee and a copy placed in the employee's personnel file.

Adopted: February 15, 2012

Revised: September 26, 2016